QUALIFICATION FILE - A Level

Name and address of submitting body:

National Institute of Electronics and Information Technology (NIELIT)

(An ISO 9001:2008 Certified Organisation)

Electronics Niketan, 6 CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, new Delhi-110003.

Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY)

Telephones- 011-24363330-1-2, 24366577-79-80

Name and contact details of individual dealing with the submission

Name: Rajneesh Kumar Asthana.

Position in the organisation Deputy Director (Systems)

Address if different from above NA

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List of documents submitted in support of the Qualifications File

- 1. Detailed Curriculum(Annexure -I)
- 2. Recognition from different States (Annexure -II):
- a) Recognition from MHRD vide notification (43) dated 01.03.1995 "A" level course equivalent to Advanced Diploma Level course.
- b) Approval of AICTE- A level aligned with level 7 of NVEQF which is now submitted into NSQF.
- c) Recognition by Sun Rise University-Alwar vide no: REC/SRU/2014 dated 19.08.2014 A level is equivalent to PGDCA (PG Diploma in Computer Application) for lateral entry to 3rd Semester MCA/M.Sc Programme.
- d) Recognition by AISECT University vide no: NIELIT/Tech/(19)/13/2048 dated 17.06.2014 A level is equivalent to PGDCA(PG Diploma in Computer Application) as one bridge course.
- e) Recognition by DR CV Raman University Bilaspur vide no: NIELIT/Tech/ (19)/13/2048 dated 17.06.2014 A level is equivalent to PGDCA (PG Diploma in Computer Application) as one bridge course.
- f) Recognition by Government of Odisha, industry department vide no. VTTI-26/2004. Dated 29.10.2005, "A" Level as equivalent to PGDCA Course

- 3) Multiple entry exit channel(Annexure -III)
- 4) Evolution of course(Annexure -IV)
- 5) International Recognition(Annexure -V):

Agreement between India and Japan NIELIT ""A" Level Course equivalent to Fundamental Information Technology Engineer of Japan Information Technology Engineers Examination Center (JITEC) of Information Technology Promotion Agency (IPA), **Japan.**

- 6) Constitution of Governing Council/Academic Advisory Committee(Annexure -VI)
- 7) Previous Question Paper- http://nielit.gov.in/content/old-question-papers-0 (Annexure -VII)
- 8) Year-wise students registered (Annexure -VIII)

QUALIFICATION FILE SUMMARY

Qualification Title	A level Course
Qualification Code	NIELIT/IT/2/44
Body/bodies which will assess candidates	Examination Cell, National Institute of Electronics and Information Technology 6-CGO Complex, Electronics Niketan Lodhi Road, New Delhi. 110003.
Body/bodies which will award the certificate for the qualification.	National Institute of Electronics and Information Technology 6-CGO Complex, Electronics Niketan Lodhi Road, New Delhi. 110003.
Body which will accredit providers to offer the qualification.	National Institute of Electronics and Information Technology 6-CGO Complex, Electronics Niketan Lodhi Road, New Delhi. 110003. Presently, Accreditation No: A
Occupation(s) to which the qualification gives access	Programmer, Web Administrator, Training faculty, Web Content Developer, Trouble Shooter
Proposed level of the qualification in the NSQF.	6
Notional Learning Hours	1550 hours.
Entry requirements / recommendations.	Level "O"/Government recognized polytechnic engineering diploma after class 10. Followed in each case, by an accredited "A" Level course (no concurrency) Or A Government recognized polytechnic engineering diploma after 10+2/ Graduate and an accredited "A" Level course in each case (may be concurrent). Even after clearing "A" Level the diploma will be awarded only after successful completion of the academic stream i.e. polytechnic engineering diploma after 10+2 or degree.
Progression from the qualification.	In Academic After completion of this course, students can go for "B" level (Equivalent to MCA under Ministry of Human Resource Development, Govt. of India vide their notification No.: F2/ 6/ 97-TS.IIIa (.) 54 dated 26th September 2000) then "C" level Course.
	<u>Professional</u>
	Initially candidate can work as Programmer and to be key member of a software development team with all round capabilities to manage and guide a software project then go for System Analyst.

Planned arrangements for RPL.

- It will be incorporated once RPL strategy is finalized.
- Presently only candidates who undergo training shall be assessed

Formal structure of the qualification

Title of unit or other component (include any identification code used)	Mandatory/ Optional	Estimated size (learning hours)	Level
A1-R4 : To familiarize with various computer Hardware & Software computer processing packages & Database concepts	Mandatory	120	
A2-R4: Acquire knowledge of internet technology, its connectvity, communication, web designing concepts & Security	Mandatory	120	
A3-R4: Develop Concepts of Programming and Problem Solving Through "C" Language	Mandatory	120	
A4-R4: To Develop concepts of Computer System Architecture	Mandatory	120	
A5-R4 : To familiarize with Design & Analysis of Structured System	Mandatory	120	
A6-R4 : Acquire knowledge of Data Structures through "C++"	Mandatory	120	
A7-R4: Acquire basic knowledge of Database Management System	Mandatory	120	
A8-R4: Acquire Basics of OS, Unix and Shell Programming	Mandatory	120	7
A9-R4 : Acquire knowledge in Data Communication and Network Technologies	Mandatory	120	
A10-R4: Elective:(One module out of the following two modules to be chosen) A10.1-R4: Develop Concepts of Object-Oriented Programming through Java A10.2-R4: Develop Concepts Software Testing and Quality Management	Optional	120	
PR-1 Practical -1(Based on A1, A2, A3, A4 module syllabus)	Mandatory		
PR-2 Practical -2 (based on A5,A6,A7,A8,A9,A10 modules syllabus)	Mandatory		
PJ:Project	Mandatory	350	

SECTION 1 ASSESSMENT

Name of assessment body:

Examination Cell,

National Institute of Electronics and Information Technology

6-CGO Complex, Electronics Niketan

Lodhi Road, New Delhi. 110003.

Will the assessment body be responsible for RPL assessment?

Give details of how RPL assessment for the qualification will be carried out and quality assured.

Presently only candidates undergoing training shall be assessed. Later on candidates having experience and knowledge shall be assessed. The information will be provided on finalization of such procedure.

Describe the overall assessment strategy and specific arrangements which have been put in place to ensure that assessment is always valid, consistent and fair and show that these are in line with the requirements of the NSQF:

The emphasis is on practical demonstration of skills & knowledge based on the performance criteria. Each OUTCOME is assessed & marked separately. Student is required to pass in all OUTCOMEs individually and marks are allotted. Following assessment methodologies are used.

- A. Written Assessment (Multiple Choice Questions)
- B. 2 Practical Assessment
- C. 1 Project

The assessment results are backed by following evidences.

- 1 The assessor collects a copy of the attendance for the training done under the scheme. The attendance sheets are signed and stamped by the In charge / Head of the Training Centre.
- 2 The assessor verifies the authenticity of the candidate by checking the photo ID card issued by the institute as well as any one Photo ID card issued by the Central/Government. The same is mentioned in the attendance sheet.
- 3 The assessor assigns roll number.
- 4 The assessor takes photograph of all the students along with the assessor standing in the middle and with the centre name/banner at the back as evidence.

ASSESSMENT EVIDENCE

Complete the following grid for each grouping of NOS, assessment unit or other component as listed in the entry on the structure of the qualification on page 1.

Job Role

- 1. Programmer, Web Administrator,
- 2. Training faculty,
- 3. Web Content Developer,
- 4. Trouble Shooter

Title of Unit/Component:

(Detailed Curriculum attached As Annexure-I)

Assessable	Assessment criteria for the outcome	Total	Written	Written(
Outcomes	Loom foundation level knowledge	Mark 100	(Part-I) 60	Part-II) 40
1) To	Learn foundation level knowledge required to understand computer and its	100	00	40
familiarize with	Operations.			
various	Learn and apply the hardware and			
computer	software components of the computer.			
Hardware &	Follow the basic concept of operating			
Software	system and get knowledge about various			
computer	different operating systems			
processing	Use the packages of word processing,			
packages &	spread sheet and presentation in detail.			
Database				
concepts	Angles of the land of the land of the land			
	Apply various data base concepts and			
	operations.			
	Total	100	60	40
	Total	100	00	10
2)	Learn Web & Internet Technologies	100	60	40
Acquire				
knowledge of	Follow Concepts for networking			
internet	implementation.			
technology, its	D : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1			
connectivity,	Review the current topics in Web &			
communication	Internet technologies.			
, web designing concepts &	Describe the basic concepts for network			
Security	<u> </u>			
Security	implementation.			
	Learn the basic working scheme of the			
	Internet and World Wide Web.			
	Learn and apply fundamental			
	tools and technologies for web			
	design.			
	Comprehend the technologies for			
	Hypertext Mark-up Language (HTML).			
	Specify design rules in constructing web	1		
	pages and sites and implement it.			
	r 100 m man access acce			
	Effectively deal with programming			
	issues relating to VB Script, JavaScript,			
	Java, ASP, Front Page and Flash			
	Figure out the various security			
	hazards on the Internet and need of			
	security			
	Measures.	100	60	40
	Total	100	60	40

3)	Develop efficient Algorithm technique			
Develop	Develop efficient algorithms for solving a			
Concepts of	problem.			
Programming	Use the various constructs of a			
and Problem	programming language viz. conditional,			
Solving	iteration and recursion.			
Through 'C'	Implement the algorithms in "C" language.			
Language	Use simple data structures like arrays,			
	stacks and linked list in solving			
	problems.			
	Learn file handling in "C"			
	Total	100	60	40
4) Develop	Learn basic Building blocks of the			
concepts of	computer			
Computer	Learn and apply different Computers			
System	Arithmetic & Algorithm			
Architecture	Identify I/O different memory			
	organization			
	Total	100	60	40
5)	Study, Analysis and Design of a System	100	60	40
Design &	Documenting and evaluating the system			
Analysis of	Understand Data Modeling			
Structured	Developing Information Management			
System	System for an Organization			
	Implementing, Testing and Security			
	Aspects			
	Total	100	60	40
6)	Learn the concepts of object	100	60	40
Develop	oriented language such as c++			
knowledge of	Analyze step by step and develop			
Data Structures	algorithms to solve real world problems.			
through 'C++'				
	Implementing various data structures viz.			
	Stacks, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and			
	Graphs. Understanding various searching & sorting techniques			
	& sorting techniques			
	Apply different Algorithm for Graph			
	Appry different Algorithm for Graph			
	Total	100	60	40
7) Implement	Database design and	100	60	40
Database	normalization techniques			
Management	Use Standard Query Language and its			
System	Various versions.			
	Follow Importance of backup and			
	recovery techniques			
	Develop Database system to handle the			
	Real world problem.			
	Total	100	60	40

8) Learn Basics	Learn Operating System concepts.	100	60	40
of OS, Unix	Follow basics of Linux & its usage			
Programming	Use Unix commands and editors.			
	Carry out Unix File management and shell programming in Unix			
	Do Network configuration and security management in Unix			
	Total	100	60	40
9) Acquire	Evolution of data communication and networking paradigms	100	60	40
knowledge in Data Communication and Network	Learn and apply Principles of data communication, channel characteristics, signaling, modulation and encoding, and multiplexing (SONET/SDH)			
Technologies	Various transmission media, their comparative study, fibre optics and wireless media			
	Different topologies of networks (LAN and WAN)			
	Layered architecture (OSI and TCP/IP) and protocol suites			
	Channel error detection and correction, MAC protocols, Ethernet and WLAN			
	Details of IP operations in the INTERNET and associated routing principles			
	Operations of TCP/UDP, FTP, HTTP, SMTP, SNMP, etc.			
	Strategies for securing network applications in enterprises			
	Emerging technologies, such as WDM mesh, mobile telephony etc			
	Total	100	60	40
Elect	ive: (One Module out of the following two mo	odules to b	e chosen)	
10- a) Develop	Basics of Object Oriented Programming.	100	60	40
Concepts of	Apply Various Object Oriented			
Object- Oriented	programming concepts - Abstraction,			
Programming	Objects and Classes, Inheritance, Polymorphism.			
through Java	Basic data structures in Java, Objects and Classes, Super Class, sub-class,			
	Interfaces, Inner classes.			
	GUI programming using AWT/Swing.			

	Grand	1300	840	460
PJ Project		100	80	20
PR-2 Practical - 2	(based on A5,A6,A7,A8,A9,A10 modules syllabus)	100	80	20
PR-1 Practical - 1	(Based on A1, A2, A3, A4 module syllabus)	100	80	20
10-b) Develop Concepts Software Testing and Quality Management	What is unified Modeling Language and Why is it used. Using Class, Interface, Interaction, State and Activity, Physical diagrams in modeling software. Total Aware about the importance of Software Testing during Software Development Build Concept for Software Testing and Debugging	100 100	60 60	40 40
	Deploying Java Applications Accessing Databases in Java.			

Means of assessment 1

The theory examination for each module would be for duration of three hours and the total marks for each subject would be 100. Two Practical examinations of three hours duration and 100 marks each have been introduced. The Practical-1 examination will be based on the syllabi A1-R4, A2-R4, A3-R4 and A4-R4 modules and Practical -2 will be based on the syllabi A5-R4, A6-R4, A7-R4, A8-R4, A9-R4 and A10-R4 modules.

The aim of the project is to give the students an integrated experience in solving a real life problem by applying knowledge and skills gained on completion of theory papers in a course at a given Level. It provides an occasion for students to develop written and communication skills, Project also helps the students to realize the importance of resource and time management, ownership of task towards deliverables, innovation and efficiency in task management apart from presentation skills. It also provides a good opportunity for students to build, enhance and sustain high levels of professional conduct and performance and evolves a problem solver frame of mind in student. It is also felt that taking up the project by a student prepares him for a job in industry and elsewhere.

Pass percentage

To qualify for a pass in a module, a candidate must have obtained at least 50% in each theory and practical examination. The marks will be translated into grades, while communicating results to the candidates. The gradation structure is as below:-

Pass percentage Grade

Failed (<50) F 50%-54% D 55%-64% C 65%-74% B 75%-84% A 85% and over S.

SECTION 2

EVIDENCE OF NEED

What evidence is there that the qualification is needed?

Recognition has been given by the Government of India to NIELIT "A" level examination conducted by the NIELIT as equivalent to Foundation Course in IT for the purpose of employment to the posts and services under Central Government.

What is the estimated uptake of this qualification and what is the basis of this estimate?

NIELIT is having 35 centres and 900 accredited centres spread all over India and minimum capacity of each centre is 20 so approx. 75000 candidates per year can appear in this course.

What steps were taken to ensure that the qualification(s) does/do not duplicate already existing or planned qualifications in the NSOF?

As the understanding and adoption models of QPs evolve in the industry and across its sub-sectors, we foresee consolidation of qualification packs as a natural progression. The Qualification does not exist as per information available in public domain.

What arrangements are in place to monitor and review the qualification(s)? What data will be used and at what point will the qualification(s) be revised or updated?

The Qualification is to be monitored and reviewed every two years.

The following data will be used

- 1. Results of assessments
- 2. Employer feedback will be sought post-placement
- 3. Student feedbacks
- 4. Workshops and seminar for reviewing the qualifications
- 5. Industry Requirements
- 6. Consultation/ Tie-up with Industries or Expert for review of the Curriculum.

SECTION 3

SUMMARY EVIDENCE OF LEVEL

Level of qualification: 6

Summary of Direct Evidence:

Justify the NSQF level allocated to the QP by building upon the five descriptors of NSQF. Explain the reasons for allocating the level to the QP.

Generic NOS is/are linked to the overall authority attached to the job role.

Title: A Level			Level: 6
NSQF Domain	Outcomes of the Qualification/Component	How the job role relates to the NSQF Level Descriptors	NSQF Level
Process required	Job that requires well developed skill, with clear choice of procedures in familiar context. Requires a common of wide ranging of specialized theoretical & Practical skill involving variable routine and non-routine context.	Demands a wide range of specialised technical skill, clarity of knowledge and practice in broad range of activity involving standard and non-standard practices.	6
Professional knowledge	After acquiring professional knowledge on A level Course, the Programmer has factual and theoretical knowledge in broad contexts within a field of work. Full resource utilization, skill Development and skill to update Knowledge with time to time.	Factual and theoretical knowledge in broad contexts within a field of work or study.	6
Professional skill	They plan tests, prepare tests cases, generate test data and perform testing on test data to generate solutions to specific problems. They have good communication Skill and creative ideas for unique design of product.	A range of cognitive and ractical skills required to enerate solutions to pecific problems in a ield of work or study.	6
Core skill	They have well in calculation, understanding, collecting information and logical communication. They can give new ways for designing & Architecture.		6
Responsibility	They have full responsibility for output at group and self development. They can design and provide solution in a conducive & Non-Conductive environment.	Responsibility for own work and learning and full responsibility fo other"s works and learning.	6

SECTION 4

EVIDENCE OF RECOGNITION OR PROGRESSION

What steps have been taken in the design of this or other qualifications to ensure that there is a clear path to other qualifications in this sector?

This qualification has comprises both technical and analytic skills and this course give link to higher qualification which is existing like B level(Equivalent to MCA under Ministry of Human Resource Development, Govt. of India vide their notification No. : F2/6/97-TS.IIIa (.) 54 dated 26th September 2000) and C level.

SECTION 5

EVIDENCE OF INTERNATIONAL COMPARABILITY

List any comparisons which have been established.

Refer Annexure-V

Detailed Curriculum

Name of Unit of Qualification

:IT TOOLS AND BUSINESS SYSTEM

: 120 Hrs.

Duration

Topic	Contents	Hrs.
Acquire the foundation level knowledge required to understand computer and its operations	Characteristics of Computers, Input, Output, Storage units, CPU, Computer System, Binary number system, Binary to Decimal Conversion, Decimal to Binary Conversion, ASCII Code, Unicode	4
Understand the hardware and software components of the computer and Multimedia	Central Processing Unit - Processor Speed, Cache, Memory, RAM, ROM, Booting, Memory- Secondary Storage Devices: Floppy and Hard Disks, Optical Disks CD-ROM, DVD, Mass Storage Devices: USB thumb drive. Managing disk Partitions, File System Input Devices - Keyboard, Mouse, joystick, Scanner, web cam, Output Devices- Monitors, Printers — Dot matrix, inkjet, laser, Multimedia-What is Multimedia, Text, Graphics, Animation, Audio, Images, Video; Multimedia Application in Education, Entertainment, Marketing. Names of common multimedia file formats, Computer Software- Relationship between Hardware and Software; System Software, Application Software, Compiler, names of some high level languages, free domain software.	6
Understand the basic concept of operating system and get knowledge about various different operating systems.	Microsoft Windows- An overview of different versions of Windows, Basic Windows Elements, File management through Windows. Using essential accessories: System tools –Disk cleanup, Disk defragmenter, Entertainment, Games, Calculator, Imaging – Fax, Notepad, Paint, WordPad. Command Prompt- Directory navigation, path setting, creating and using batch files. Drives, files, directories, directory structure. Application Management: Installing, uninstalling, Running applications. Linux- An overview of Linux, Basic Linux elements: System Features, Software	13

	Features, File Structure, File handling in Linux: H/W, S/W requirements, Preliminary steps before installation, specifics on Hard drive repartitioning and booting a Linux system.	
Understand to use the package of word processing	Word processing concepts: saving, closing, Opening an existing document, Selecting text, Editing text, Finding and replacing text, printing documents, Creating and Printing Merged Documents, Character and Paragraph Formatting, Page Design and Layout. Editing and Profiling Tools: Checking and correcting spellings. Handling Graphics, Creating Tables and Charts, Document Templates and Wizards.	6
Understand to use the Package of Spreadsheet Concepts	Spreadsheet Concepts, Creating, Saving and Editing a Workbook, Inserting, Deleting Work Sheets, entering data in a cell / formula Copying and Moving from selected cells, handling operators in Formulae, Functions: Mathematical, Logical, statistical, text, financial, Date and Time functions, Using Function Wizard. Formatting a Worksheet: Formatting Cells — changing data alignment, changing date, number, character or currency format, changing font, adding borders and colors, Printing worksheets, Charts and Graphs — Creating, Previewing, Modifying Charts. Integrating word processor, spread sheets, web pages.	9
Understand to use the Package of Presentation Concepts.	Creating, Opening and Saving Presentations,	5
Understand various data base concepts and operations.	Data Manipulation-Concept: Database, Relational Database, Integrity. Operations: Creating, dropping, manipulating table structure. Manipulation of Data: Query, Data Entry Form, Reports	13
Understand the issues related to IT and IT applications.	Indian IT Act, Intellectual Property Rights – issues. Application of information Technology in Railways, Airlines, Banking, Insurance, Inventory Control, Financial systems, Hotel management, Education, Video games, Telephone exchanges, Mobile phones, Information kiosks, special effects in Movies	4

Practical/Tutorials	60

- 1. P.K. Sinha and P. Sinha, "Foundations of Computing", BPB Publication, 2008.
- 2. Sagman S, "MS Office for Windows XP", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. ITL Educational Society, "Introduction to IT", Pearson Education, 2009.
- 4. Miller M, "Absolute Beginners Guide to Computer Basics", Pearson Education, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. Turban, Mclean and Wetherbe, "Information Technology and Management" John Wiely & Sons.
- 2. Mansfield Ron, "Working in Microsoft Office", 2008, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 3. Balagurusamy E, "Fundamentals of Computers", 2009, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 4. Mavis Beacon, "All-in-one MS Office" CD based views for self learning, BPB Publication, 2008
- 5. Perry G, "MS Office 2007", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 6. D"Suoza & D"souza, "Learn Computer Step by Step", Pearson Education, 2006.
- 7. Kulkarni, "IT Strategy for Business", Oxford University Press

Name of Unit of : A2-R4 INTERNET TECHNOLOGY AND Qualification WEB DESIGN

Performance Criteria(OUTCO	Contents	Hrs.
ME) No.		
Understand the current topics in Web & Internet technologies	Internet, Growth of Internet, Owners of the Internet, Anatomy of Internet, ARPANET and Internet history of the World Wide Web, basic Internet Terminology, Net etiquette. Internet Applications – Commerce on the Internet, Governance on the Internet, Impact of Internet on Society – Crime on/through the Internet.	2
Understand the basic concepts for network implementation.	Packet switching technology, Internet Protocols: TCP/IP, Router, Internet Addressing Scheme: Machine Addressing (IP address), E-mail Addresses, Resources Addresses	3
Understand the basic concepts for network Communication	Connectivity types: level one, level two and level three connectivity, Setting up a connection: hardware requirement, selection of a modem, software requirement, modem configuration, Internet accounts by ISP: Telephone line options, Protocol options, Service options, Telephone line options — Dialup connections through the telephone system, dedicated connections through the telephone system, ISDN, Protocol options — Shell, SLIP, PPP, Service options — E-mail, WWW, News Firewall etc.	3
Understand the basic concepts for network Communication	Network definition, Common terminologies: LAN, WAN, Node, Host, Workstation, bandwidth, Interoperability, Network administrator, network security, Network Components: Severs, Clients, Communication Media, Types of network: Peer to Peer, Clients Server, Addressing in Internet: DNS, Domain Name and their organization, understanding the Internet	4

	Protocol Address. Network topologies: Bust, star and ring, Ethernet, FDDI, ATM and Intranet.	
Understand the	E-mail, WWW, Telnet, FTP, IRC and	4
Services on	Search Engine	
Internet		
(Definition and		
Functions)		
Understand the basic protocol,	Email Networks and Servers, Email protocols –SMTP, POP3, IMAp4, MIME6,	7
structure and clients	Structure of an Email – Email Address,	
of Electronic Mail	Email Header, Body and Attachments,	
	Email Clients: Netscape mail Clients,	
	Outlook Express, Web based E-mail. Email	
	encryption- Address Book, Signature File.	
Understand the		3
Current Trends on	collaborative computing, e-commerce.	
Internet		
Understand	Overview, SGML, Web hosting, HTML.	10
fundamental tools	CGL, Documents Interchange Standards,	10
and technologies for	Components of Web Publishing, Document	
web designing and	management, Web Page Design.	
browsing	Consideration and Principles, Search and	
	Meta Search Engines, WWW, Browser,	
	HTTP, Publishing Tools.	
Comprehend the	HTML page structure, HTML Text, HTML	12
technologies for	links, HTML document tables, HTML	
Hypertext Mark-up	Frames,HTML Images, multimedia	
Language (HTML). Deal with	ASP, VB Script, JAVA Script, JAVA and	8
programming issues	Front Page, Flash	
relating to VB	110111 1 1150, 1 111011	
Script, JavaScript,		
Java, ASP, Front		
Page and Flash		
rage and riash		
Figure out the	Overview of Internet Security, Firewalls,	4
various security	Internet Security, Management Concepts	
hazards on the	and Information Privacy and Copyright	
Internet and need of	Issues, basics of asymmetric	
security measures	cryptosystems.	
Practicals/Tutorials		60

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Text books:

- 1. Greenlaw R and Hepp E "Fundamentals of Internet and www" 2nd EL, Tata McGrawHill,2007.
- 2. Ivan Bayross, "HTML, DHTML, JavaScript, Perl CGI", 3rd Edition, BPB Publications.
- 3. D. Comer, "The Internet Book", Pearson Education, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. M. L. Young,"The Complete reference to Internet", Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Godbole AS & Kahate A, "Web Technologies", Tata McGrawHill,2008.
- 3. Jackson, "Web Technologies", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. B. Patel & Lal B. Barik, "Internet & Web Technology", Acme Learning Publishers
- 5. Leon and Leon, "Internet for Everyone", Vikas Publishing House.

Name of Unit of Qualification

: A3-R4 PROGRAMMING AND PROBLEM SOLVING THROUGH 'C' LANGUAGE

Learning Outcome	Topics	Hours
Develop efficient	The Basic Model of Computation, Algorithms,	4
algorithms	Flow-charts, Programming Languages,	
	Compilation, Linking and Loading, Testing and	
	Debugging, Documentation.	
Understand the	Exchanging values of two variables, summation of	10
Algorithms for	a set of numbers, Decimal Base to Binary Base	
Problem Solving	conversion, Reversing digits of an integer, GCD	
	(Greatest Common Division) of 49 two numbers, Test whether a number is prime, Organize	
	numbers in ascending order, Find square root of a	
	number, factorial computation, Fibonacci	
	sequence, Evaluate ,,sin x" as sum of a series,	
	Reverse order of elements of an array, Find largest	
	number in an array, Print elements of upper	
	triangular matrix, multiplication of two matrices,	
	Evaluate a Polynomial.	
Understand the	Character set, Variables and Identifiers, Built-in	4
basic of 'C'	Data Types, Variable Definition, Arithmetic	
Language	Operators and Expressions, Constants and Literals,	
	Simple assignment statement, Basic input/output	
II d4	statement, Simple "C" programs.	7
Understand Conditional	Decision making within a program, Conditions, Relational Operators, Logical Connectives, if	7
Statements and	statement, if-else statement, Loops: while loop, do	
Loops of 'C'	while, for loop, Nested loops, Infinite loops,	
Language	Switch statement, structured Programming.	
Understand	One dimensional arrays: Array manipulation;	6
Arrays of 'C'	Searching, Insertion, Deletion of an element	
Language	from an array; Finding the largest/smallest element	
	in an array; Two dimensional arrays,	
	Addition/Multiplication of two matrices,	
	Transpose of a square matrix; Null terminated	
	strings as array of characters, Standard library	
	string functions	
Understand	Top-down approach of problem solving, Modular	6
Functions of 'C'	programming and functions, Standard Library of C	U
Language	functions, Prototype of a function: Formal	
	parameter list, Return Type, Function call, Block	
	structure, Passing arguments to a Function: call by	
	reference, call by value, Recursive Functions,	
	arrays as function arguments.	
Understand	Scope and extent, Storage Classes in a single	3

Storage Classes	source file: auto, extern and static, register, Storage Classes in a multiple source files: extern and static.	
Understand Structures and Unions	Structure variables, initialization, structure assignment, nested structure, structures and functions, structures and arrays: arrays of structures, structures containing arrays, unions	6
Understand Pointers	Address operators, pointer type declaration, pointer assignment, pointer initialization, pointer arithmetic, functions and pointers, Arrays and Pointers, pointer arrays, pointers and structures, dynamic memory allocation.	6
Understand simple data structures like arrays, stacks and linked list in solving problems	Creation of a singly connected linked list, Traversing a linked list, Insertion into a linked list, Deletion from a linked list	4
Understand package of File Processing	Concept of Files, File opening in various modes and closing of a file, Reading from a file, Writing onto a file.	4
Practical/Tutorials		60

- 1. Byron S Gottfried "Programming with C" Second edition, Tata McGrawhill, 2007 (Paper back)
- 2. R.G. Dromey, "How to solve it by Computer", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. Kanetkar Y, "Let us C", BPB Publications, 2007.
- 4. Hanly J R & Koffman E.B, "Problem Solving and Programm design in C", Pearson Education, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. E. Balagurusamy, "Programming with ANSI-C", Fourth Edition, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Venugopal K. R and Prasad S. R, "Mastering "C"", Third Edition, 2008, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. B.W. Kernighan & D. M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", Second Edition, 2001, Pearson Education
- 4. ISRD Group, "Programming and Problem Solving Using C", Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.
- 5. Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, "Programming in C", Oxford University Press, 2007.

Name of Unit of : A4-R4 COMPUTER SYSTEM Qualification ARCHITECTURE

Performance Criteria(OUTCOME)	Contents	Hrs.
No. Understand basic Digital Components	Overview of computer organization: Logic gates, Adders, Flip-flops (as 1 bit memory device), Encoders, Decoders, Multiplexers, Registers, Shift Registers, Counters, RAM, ROM	10
Acquire Representation of data	Number system, Hexadecimal numbers, ASCII code, Two"s complement, addition, subtraction, overflow, Floating point representation	04
Know Register Transfer & Micro Operations	Bus and memory transfers, Three state Bus Buffers, Binary ADDER, Binary Incrementer, Arithmetic circuit, Logic and Shift Micro-operations, ALU	04
Understand Basic Computer Organization	Instruction codes, Direct and indirect address, Timing and Control Signal generation, Instruction Cycle, Memory Reference Instructions, Input Output instructions	04
Understand how Central Processing Unit work	General Register Organization, Memory Stack, One address and two address Instructions, Data transfer, arithmetic, logical and shift instructions, Software and hardware interrupts (only brief introduction), Arithmetic and Instruction Pipelines.	08
Know different Computer Arithmetic and Algorithm	Addition and Subtraction with signed magnitude data, Multiplication Algorithms Hardware Algorithm and Booth Algorithm, Division Algorithm	06
Understand different Input-Output of a computer	Asynchronous Data transfer - Handshaking, Asynchronous Serial Transfer, Interrupt Initiated I/O, DMA transfer, Interfacing Peripherals with CPU (Introduction), Keyboard, Mouse, Printer, Scanner, Network card, Introduction to Pipelining and Linear	08

	Pipeline processor	
Understand different Memory Organization	ROM, RAM, Hard Disk, CD-ROM, Cache Memory - Direct mapping scheme, Virtual Memory concept, Cache memory working principles	08
.Understand Assembly Language Programming	Assembly Language of Intel 8086, Simple examples based on arithmetic and character operations.	80
Practical/Tutorials		60

- 1. Carter Nicholas, "Computer Architecture", Schaun outline Sevies , Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 2. M. Morris Mano, "Computer System Architecture", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. Peter Abel and N. Nizamuddin, "IBM PC Assembly Language and Programming", Pearson Education, 2009.

Reference Books:

- 1. J.P. Hayes, "Computer Architecture & Organization", Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Michael J. Flynn, "Computer Architecture: Pipelined and Parallel Processor Design", Narosa Publishing House, 2002..

Name of Unit of :A5-R4 STRUCTURED SYSTEM ANALYSIS Qualification AND DESIGN

Performance	Contents	Hrs
Criteria(OUTCOME) No.		
Study, Analysis and Design of a System	System Definition and concepts: General Theory systems, Manual and automated systems, Real-life Business Sub-Systems. System Environments and Boundaries, Real-time and distributed systems, Basic principles of successful systems, Approach to system Development: Structured System Analysis and Design, Prototype, Joint Application Development, Role and Need of Systems Analyst. Qualifications and responsibilities, System Analysis as a Profession.	03
Understand System Development Cycle	Introduction to Systems, Development Life Cycle (SDLC). Various phases of SDLC: Study Analysis, Design, Development, Implementation, Maintenance; Documentation: Principles of Systems Documentation, Types of documentation and their importance, Enforcing Documentation discipline in an organization.	03
Understand different System Planning	Data and fact gathering techniques: Interviews, Group Communication Questionnaires; Assessing Project Feasibility: Technical, Operational, Economic, Cost Benefits Analysis, Schedule, Legal and contractual, Political. Modern Methods for determining system requirements: Joint Application, Development Program, Prototyping, Business Process Re-engineering. System Selection Plan and Proposal	06
Understand Modular and Structured Design	Module specifications, Top-down and bottom-up design. Module coupling and cohesion.	02

	Structure Charts.	
Understand System Design and Modeling	Process Modeling, Logical and physical design, Conceptual Data Modeling: Entity/Relationship Analysis, Entity-Relationship	14
	Modeling, ERDs and DFDs,	
	Concepts of Normalization. Process Description: Structured English,	
	Decision Tree, Table;	
	Documentation: Data Dictionary,	
Understand Input/output and	Recording Data Descriptions. Classification of forms,	07
Interface Design	Input/output forms design. User-	07
interface Design	interface design, Graphical	
	Interfaces. Standards and guidelines	
	for GUI design, Designing Physical	
	Files and Databases: Designing Fields, Designing Physical Records,	
	Designing Physical Files,	
	Designing Databases, Introduction	
	to CASE Tools; Features,	
	Advantages and Limitations of	
	CASE Tools, Awareness about some commercial CASE Tools.	
System Implementation and	Planning considerations,	03
Maintenance	Conversion methods, procedures	
	and controls, System acceptance	
	criteria, System Evaluation and	
	Performance, Testing and Validation. Preparing, User	
	Manual, Maintenance Activities	
	and Issues.	
Understand Security of	Security aspects of a Computer	02
Computer System	System; Control Measures; Disaster	
	Recovery and Contingency Planning, Prevention of Computer	
	Virus & Malicious Applications.	
OO Analysis / Design	OO Development Life Cycle and	12
	Modeling. Static and dynamic	
	modeling. Comparison of OO and Module-oriented	
	Approach. Modeling using UML;	
	The UML diagrams; the process of	
	Object modeling	
Developing Information	Meaning and role of MIS, Systems	08
Management System for an	approach to MIS. Types of	
Organization	information systems: Transaction Processing System, Management	
	Information System, Decision	
	Support System, Expert System	

	Case Studies (Illustrative): MIS for Accounting and Finance Function, MIS for Marketing System.	
Practicals/Tutorials		60

- 1 Hoffer J. A, George J.F, Valacich J.S, and Panigrahi P.K "Modern Systems Analysis and Design", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 2. A. Dennis and B. H. Wixom, "Systems Analysis and Design", John Wiley & Sons, Inc..

Reference Books:

- 1. Whitten J. L, Bentley L. D, "Systems Analysis and Design Methods", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 2. Kendall & Kendall, "Systems Analysis and Design", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education.

Name of Unit of Qualification

: A6-R4DATA STRUCTURE THROUGH 'C++'

Performance	Contents	Hrs.
Criteria(OUTC		
OME) No.		
Understand and the	Introduction to Algorithm Design and Data	10
concepts of object	Structures: Design and analysis of algorithm:	
oriented language	Algorithm definition, comparison of algorithms.	
such as C++	Top down and bottom up approaches to	
	Algorithm design. Analysis of Algorithm;	
	Frequency count, Complexity measures in terms	
	of time and space. Structured approach to	
	programming.	1.0
Understand Basics	Basics of C++: Structure of a program Variables.	18
of C++, Elementary	Data Types. Constants Operators, Basic	
Data Structures :	Input/output, Control Structure, Functions,	
Arrays, linked lists	Compound Data Types: Arrays, Pointers,	
	Dynamic Memory, Object Oriented	
	Programming: Classes, Encapsulation,	
	Abstraction, inheritance, Polymorphism,	
	Representation of arrays: single and	
	multidimensional arrays. Address calculation	
	using column and row major ordering. Various	
	operations on Arrays, Vectors. Application of	
	arrays: Matrix multiplication, Sparse polynomial representation and addition, Stacks and Queues:	
	Representation of stacks and queues using arrays	
	and linked-list. Circular queues, Priority Queue	
	and D-Queue. Applications of stacks:	
	Conversion from infix to postfix and prefix	
	expressions, Evaluation of postfix - 95 -	
	expression using stacks. Pointers: Definition,	
	Pointer Arithmetic, Array of pointers, Arrays in	
	terms of pointers. Linked list: Singly linked list;	
	operations on list, Linked stacks and	
	queues. Polynomial representation and	
	manipulation using linked lists. Circular linked	
	lists, Doubly linked lists. Generalized list	
	structure. Sparse Matrix representation using	
	generalized list structure, stacks, queues.	
Develop Abstract	Definition of ADT, Stack ADT (array	05
Data types Stacks	implementation), FIFO queue ADT (array	
and Queues	implementation)	
Implementation of	Ringry tree trayered methods: Proorder In	15
Implementation of	Binary tree traversal methods: Preorder, Inorder, Post-ordered traversal. Recursive	13
tree	Algorithms for above mentioned Traversal	
	rigoriumis for above mentioned traversal	

	methods. Representation of trees and its Applications: Binary tree representation of a general tree. Conversion of forest into tree. Threaded binary trees. Binary search tree.: Height balanced (AVL) tree, B-trees.	
Analyze different algorithm of tree	Selection sort, Insertion sort, Bubble sort, Quick sort, merge sort, Heap sort, Radix sort and their complexity, Searching: Sequential search, Binary Search, Binary Search Tree, ASVL trees, B trees, Searching, sorting and complexity, Searching: Sequential and binary searches, Indexed search, Hashing Schemes. Sorting: Insertion, selection, bubble, Quick, merge, radix, Shell, Heap sort, comparison of time complexity.	10
Analyze different algorithm of Graph	Graph representation: Adjacency matrix, Adjacency lists, Traversal schemes: Depth first search, Breadth first search. Spanning tree: Definition, Minimal spanning tree algorithms. Shortest Path algorithms (Prime"s and Kruskal,,s).	05
Practicals/Tutorials		60

- 1. Hubbard John. R, "Schaum"s outline of Data Structures with C++", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 2. Langsam Y,.Augenstein M.J and Tanenbaum A. M, "Data Structures Using C and C++", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Kruse R, Tonodo C.L. and Leung B, "Data Structures and Program Design in C", Pearson Education, 2007.

Reference Books:

- 1. Horowitz E, Sahni S and Mehta D, "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C++," Galgotia Publiction, 2009.
- 2. Weiss M A, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C++", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Litvin G, "Programmking with C++ and Data Structures", Vikas Publishing House.

Name of Unit of Qualification

:A7-R4 INTRODUCTION TO DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Duration : 120 Hours

Performance	Contents	Hrs.
Criteria(OUTC OME) No.		
Understand basic of	What is database?, Why database?, database	04
Database Standard	system, database management system (DBMS),	
Management	advantages of DBMS.	
System		
Understand	Three levels of architecture, mappings, role of	04
Database	database administrator(DBA), E-R model,	
Architecture	three approaches of DBMS- relational,	
	hierarchical and network.	
Understand basics	Introduction, RDBMS terminology, relational	08
of Relational	model, base tables, keys.	
Database		
Management		
System (RDBMS)	N 16 P G 11N 16	0.0
Normalization	Normal forms, Boyce-Codd Normal form,	08
	higher normal forms.	
Relational Algebra	Relational operators, tuple calculus, well formed	08
and Relational	formulae.	
Calculus		
Understand basic of	Introduction, Characteristics of SQL, data	12
SQL Language	definition, data manipulation, SQL commands,	
	SQL operators, Queries, aggregate functions.	
Backup and	Transaction recovery, system recovery, SQL	02
Recovery	support	
Security	General considerations, controls, audit trail, data encryption, SQL support.	02
Integrity	General considerations, integrity rules, SQL support.	02
Design and	Database applications using some standard	10
Development of	RDBMS.	
Database		
Applications		
Practicals/Tutorials		60

Text Books:

- 1. Silberschatz A, Korth H.F and Sudarshan S, "Database System Concepts", Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 2. C.J.Date, "An introduction to Database Systems", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. R. Elmasri, S. B Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database System", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 4. Desai C. Bipin, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Galgotia Publication, 2009.

Reference Books.

- 1. Leon A and Leon M, "Fundamentals of DBMS", Vijay Nicole & Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 2. Gill P.S, "DBMS", I.K. International, 2008.
- 3. Singh S.K, "Database Systems: Concepts, Design & Applications", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 4. Leon A and Leon M, "Database Management Systems", Vikas Publishing House.

Name of Unit of : A8-R4BASICS OF OS, UNIX AND SHELL Qualification PROGRAMMING

Performance	Contents	Hrs.
Criteria(OUTC		
OME) No.		
Understanding	Overview of OS. System Calls, Process	04
Operating System	Management, Memory Management, Disk and	
Concepts	file systems, Networking, Security, Graphical	
	User Interface, Device Drivers.	
Learn Linux history	What is Open Source?, Linux Origins, Red	01
and ideas	Hat Distributions, Linux Principles	
Understand Basics	Logging in to a Linux System, Switching	02
of Linux and its	between virtual consoles and the graphical	
Usage	environment, Elements of the X Window	
	System, Starting the X server, Changing your	
	password, The root user, Changing identities,	
	Editing text files.	
Running	Running Commands, Some Simple commands,	02
Commands and	Getting Help, The what is command, The – help	
Getting Help	Option, Reading Usage Summaries, The man	
	command, Navigating man pages, The info	
	command, Navigating info pages, Extended	
TT 1 4 141	Documentation, Red Hat Documentation.	0.4
Understand the	Linux File Hierarchy Concepts, Some Important	04
Browsing of File	Directories, Current Working Directory, File and	
System	Directory Names, Absolute and Relative	
	Pathnames, Changing Directories, Listing Directory Contents, Copying Files and	
	Directory Contents, Copying Files and Directories, Copying Files and Directories: The	
	Destination, Moving and Renaming Files and	
	Directories, Creating and Removing Files,	
	Creating and Removing Directories, Using	
	Nautilus, Determining File Content.	
Learn X-Window	XOrg: The X11 Server, XOrg Server Design,	04
System	XOrg Server Configuration, XOrg Modularity,	-
	Server and Client Relationship, XOrg in runlevel	
	3, XOrg in runlevel 5, Configuration Utilities,	
	Remote X Sessions.	
Users, Groups and	Users, Groups, Linux File Security, Permission	03
Permissions	Precedence, Permission Types, Examining	
	Permissions, Interpreting Permissions, Changing	
	File Ownership, Changing Permissions –	
	Symbolic Method, Changing Permissions –	
	Numeric Method, Changing Permissions –	
	Nautilus	

Advanced Topics in Users, Groups and Permissions User and Group ID Numbers, /etc/passwd, /etc/shadow and /etc/group files, User Management tools, System Users and and Groups, Monitoring Logins, Default Permissions, Special Permissions for Executables, Special Permissions for Directories. The Linux File System In-depth Partitions and Filesystems, Inodes, Directories, Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating, Listing and Extracting File Archives, Creating
Management tools, System Users and and Groups, Monitoring Logins, Default Permissions, Special Permissions for Executables, Special Permissions for Directories. The Linux File Partitions and Filesystems, Inodes, Directories, Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
Groups, Monitoring Logins, Default Permissions, Special Permissions for Executables, Special Permissions for Directories. The Linux File System In-depth Partitions and Filesystems, Inodes, Directories, Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
Permissions, Special Permissions for Executables, Special Permissions for Directories. The Linux File Partitions and Filesystems, Inodes, Directories, Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
Executables, Special Permissions for Directories. The Linux File System In-depth Partitions and Filesystems, Inodes, Directories, Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
The Linux File System In-depth Partitions and Filesystems, Inodes, Directories, Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
Inodes and Directories, cp and inodes, mv and inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
inodes, rm and inodes, Hard Links, Symbolic (or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
or soft) Links, The Seven Fundamental Filetypes, Checking Free Space, Removable Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
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Media, Mounting CDs and DVDs, Mounting USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
USB Media, Mounting Floppy Disks, Archiving Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
Files and Compressing Archives, Creating,
Listing and Extracting The Archives, Creating
File Archives: Other Tools.
vim: An Advanced Introducing vim, vim: A Modal Editor, vim 03
Text Editor basics, Opening a file in vim, Modifying a
file, Saving a file and exiting vim, Using
Command Mode, Moving around, Search and
Replace, - 130 - Manipulating Text, Undoing
changes, Visual Mode, Using multiple
"windows", Configuring vi and vim, Learning
more.
Understand Standard Input and Output, Redirecting Output 02
Standard I/O and to a File, Redirecting STDOUT to a
Pipes Program(Piping), Combining Output and Errors,
Redirecting to Multiple Targets (tee),
Redirecting STDIN from a file, Sending
Multiple Lines to STDIN.
Using the Bash Shell Bash Introduction, Bash Heritage and Features, 03
Command Line Shortcuts, History Tricks,
Command Line Expansion, Command Editing
Tricks, gnome-terminal
Configuring the Bash Variables, Environment variables, The 04
Bash Shell TERM Environment variable, The PATH
Environment variable, Some common variables,
Aliases, How bash expands a Command Line,
Preventing Expansion, Login vs non-login
shells, Bash startup tasks: profile, Bash startup
tasks: bashrc, Bash exit tasks
Text Processing Tools for Extracting Text, Viewing File 03
Tools Contents, Viewing File Excerpts, Extracting
Text by Keyword, Extracting Text by column,
Tools for analyzing text, Gathering text
statistics, Sorting Text, Eliminating Duplicate
Lines, Comparing Files, Duplicating File
Changes, Spell Checking with aspell, Tools for
manipulating Text, sed, Special Characters for
Complex Searches.

Shell Programming	Scripting Basics, Creating Shell Scripts, Generating Output, Handling Input, Exit Status, Control Structures, Conditional Execution, File Tests, String Tests, for and sequences, continue and break, Using positional parameters, handling parameters with Spaces, Scripting at the command line, Shell Script debugging.	06
Investigating and Managing Process	What is a Process? Listing Processes, Finding Processes, Signals, Sending Signals to Processes, Scheduling Priority, Altering Scheduling Priority, Interactive Process Management tools, Job Control, Scheduling a Process to execute later, Crontab File format.	04
Finding and Processing Files	Locate, Locate Examples, find, Basic find Examples, find and Logical Operators, find and Permissions, find and Numeric Criteria, find and Access Times, Executing commands with find, find Execution Examples, The GNOME Search Tool.	02
Basic System Configuration Tools	TCP/IP Network Configuration, Managing Ethernet Connections, Graphical Network Configuration, Network Configuration Files, Printing in Linux, Setting the System's Date and Time, Managing Services.	04
Practicals/Tutorials		60

- 1. Maurice J. Bach, "Design of the Unix Operating System", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Sumitabha Das, "Unix: Concepts and Applications", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 3. ISRD Group, "Basics of OS, UNIX and SHELL Programming", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 4. Sarwar, Koretsky, and Sarwar, "Unix, The Text Book", Pearson Education, 2007

Reference Books

- 1. Stephen Prata "Advanced Unix -A programmer"s Guide"., BPB Publication, 2008.
- 2. Kochan S & Wood P, "Unix Shell Programming", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. Stevens W R, Rago S.A, "Advanced Programming in Unix Environment", Pearson Education, 2008.

Name of Unit of : A9-R4DATA COMMUNICATION AND Qualification NETWORK TECHNOLOGIES

Performance Criteria(OUTC	Contents	Hrs.
OME) No.		
Understand basic of	, , ,	06
Data	and data, Transmission modes,	
Communications	Synchronous and asynchronous transmission,	
	Circuits, channels and multi channeling,	
	Signaling, Encoding and decoding, Error	
	detection and Recovery, Flow control, Sliding	
	Window, Congestion Management, Multiplexing	
	[FDM, TDM, CDM, WDM] and Spreading [DS.	
	FH], Concept of Modulation, Baseband versus	
	Broadband; Pulse Code Modulation	
	(PCM), Shift Keying [ASK, FSK, PSK, QPSK,	
	DPSK]; Encoding techniques and CODEC; Classification of Modems, Standards and	
	Protocols, Protocols used by Modem to Transfer	
	-	
	files, Establishing a Connection (Internet connectivity); Digital Subscriber Loop (DSL)	
Understand basic of	Introduction, Switching techniques: Circuit	08
Communication	Switching, Packet switching, Datagram, Virtual	08
Network	circuit and Permanent Virtual Circuit,	
Network	Connectionless and connection oriented	
	communication, Message switching, Cell	
	switching (ATM); Telephone network signaling	
	Network topologies, Layering the	
	communication process, Open Systems	
	Interconnection (OSI) model, Data	
	encapsulation; Protocols, services and layering,	
	PDU/SDU; TCP/IP suite, Hour-glass model,	
	Internet Architecture and Protocol overview.	
Understand various	Introduction, Access Techniques (STDM,	06
Media Access	FDMA, TDMA, Spread Spectrum techniques	
Control	and CDMA, DSSS, FHSS); Media Access	
	Control: Aloha and Slotted Aloha, Media Access	
	Control Address, Polling, CSMA, CSMA/CA,	
	CSMA/CD and Reservation Aloha, Digital	
	hierarchies [SONET/SDH]	
Understand	Introduction, LAN Hardware, LAN Operating	06
Categories and	Systems, Transmission Media: Guided Media	
topologies of	(Twisted pair, Co-axial cable, Optical fiber);	
networks	Unguided Media (Radio, VHF, microwave,	

	Satellite, Infrared); Fiber Optics Communication Components (Source, Channel Detector.	
Link Control and MAC Protocols	Framing, Error Detection and Correction; Window-based Flow Control; Logical Link Control, HDLC Protocol, Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), X.25 CCITT standard for packet data transmission; Media access control, Random Access Techniques, Scheduling Mechanisms.	05
Local Area Network (LAN)	LAN topologies and protocols; IEEE 802 Standard; Ethernet (Standard, Fast, Gigabit), Token Ring, FDDI, Wireless LANs (802.11x); Connecting LANs: Repeaters, Bridges, Switches, Routers; Virtual LANs	05
Wide Area Network (WAN)	Network Layer Addressing and Routing concepts (Forwarding Function, Filtering Function); Routing Methods (Static and dynamic routing, Distributed routing, Hierarchical Routing); Distance Vector Protocol, Link State protocol, Open Shortest Path First (OSPF); Internet Protocol (IP): Addressing & Routing; Internet Control Message Protocol, (ICMP), Address Resolution Protocol (ARP), Dynamic Host Control Protocol (DHCP), Network Address Translation (NAT), IPv6, Mobile IP Process-to-Process delivery in Transport Layer: User Datagram Protocol (UDP), Transmission Control Protocol (TCP), congestion control	08
Application Protocols	Client/Server Model, Network File System (NFS), Remote Login: Telnet; File Transfer Protocol (FTP), Trivial File Transfer Protocol (TFTP); E-mail system: Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP), Post Office Protocol (POP); World Wide Web (WWW), Domain Name System (DNS), DNS servers; Hyper Text system: Hyper Text Transfer Protocol (HTTP), Hyper Text markup Language (HTML)	08
Wireless Networks	Radio Communications, Cellular Radio, Mobile Telephony (GSM & CDMA), Satellite Networks (VSAT), Mobile Adhoc Networks (MANET).	03
Strategies for securing network applications in enterprises	Cryptography, IPsec, SSL/TLS, PGP, secure HTTP, proxy, firewall, VPN; Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP), Network policies.	05
Practicals/Tutorials		60

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008
- 2. William Stallings, "Data and Computer Communications", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. Rajneesh Agrawal and Bharat Bhushan Tiwari, "Data Communication and Computer Networks", Vikas Publishing house Ltd., 2005.
- 4. Tomasi Wayne, "Introduction to Data Communications and Networking", Pearson Education, 2007

Reference Books

- 1. A. S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education.
- 2. A. Leon-Gracia and I. Widjaja, "Communication Networks", Tata McGraw Hill, 2004.
- 3. K. Pahlavan and P. Krishnamurthy, "Principles of Wireless Networks", EEE/ Prentice Hall of India, 2003...

Name of Unit of Qualification

A10.1-R4 INTRODUCTION TO OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING THROUGH JAVA.

Performance	Contents	Hrs.
Criteria(OUTC		
OME) No.		
Basics of Object	1) Thinking Object-Oriented (1 Hr.)	14
Oriented	• Why Is OOP Popular? A New Paradigm, A	
Programming.	Way of Viewing the World.	
	• Why Is OOP Popular? A New Paradigm, A	
	Way of Viewing the World.	
	2) Abstraction (1 Hr.)	
	• Layers of Abstraction, Other Forms of	
	Abstraction.	
	3) Classes and Methods (1 Hr.)	
	• Encapsulation, Class Definitions, Methods.	
	- 153 –	
	4) Messages, Instances, and Initialization	
	(2 Hrs.)	
	Message-Passing Syntax, Statically and	
	Dynamically Typed Languages,	
	Accessing the Receiver from Within a Method,	
	Object Creation, Pointers	
	and Memory Allocation, Constructors (Constant	
	Values}, Destructors and Finalizers.	
	5) Inheritance and Substitution (3 Hrs.)	
	• An Intuitive Description of Inheritance,	
	Inheritance in Various Languages,	
	[Subclass, Subtype, and Substitution],	
	Overriding and Virtual Methods,	
	Interfaces and Abstract Classes, Forms of	
	Inheritance, The Benefits of	
	Inheritance, The Costs of Inheritance. Examples	
	(Language independent)	
	6) Static and Dynamic Behavior (1 Hr.)	
	Static versus Dynamic Typing, Static and	
	Dynamic Classes, Static versus	
	Dynamic Method Binding.	
	7) Multiple Inheritance (1 Hr.)	
	• Inheritance as Categorization, Problems	
	Arising from Multiple Inheritance,	
	Inner Classes.	
	8) Polymorphism and Software Reuse (1 Hr.)	

	• Polymorphism in Programming Languages,	
	Mechanisms for Software Reuse, Efficiency and Polymorphism, Will	
	Widespread Software Reuse	
	Become Reality?	
	become reality.	
	9) Overloading and Overriding (3 Hrs.)	
	 Type Signatures and Scopes, Overloading 	
	Based on Scopes, Overloading	
	Based on Type Signatures, Redefinition,	
	Notating Overriding, Replacement	
	versus Refinement, Deferred Methods,	
	Overriding versus Shadowing,	
	Covariance and Contra variance.	
Introduction to Java	1) An Introduction to Java (1 Hr.)	32
Programming	• Java as a Programming Platform, The Java	
Language	"White Paper" Buzzwords,	
	Java and the Internet, A Short History of Java,	
	Common Misconceptions	
	About Java.	
	2) The Java Programming Environment (1Hr.)	
	• Installing the Java Development Kit, Choosing	
	a Development	
	Environment, Using the Command-Line Tools,	
	Using an Integrated	
	Development Environment, Compiling and	
	Running Programs from a Text	
	Editor, Running a Graphical Application,	
	Building and Running Applets.	
	3) Fundamental Programming Structures in Java	
	(2 Hrs.)	
	• A Simple Java Program, Comments, Data	
	Types, Variables, Operators,	
	Strings, Input and Output, Control Flow, Big	
	Numbers, Arrays.	
	4) Objects and Classes (2 Hrs.)	
	• Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming,	
	Using Predefined Classes,	
	- 154 -	
	Defining Your Own Classes, Static Fields and	
	Methods, Method	
	Parameters, Object Construction, Packages,	
	Documentation Comments,	
	Class Design Hints.	
	5) Inheritance (2 Hrs.)	
	• Classes, Superclasses, and Subclasses, Object:	
î l	The Cosmic Superclass,	

Generic ArrayLists, Object Wrappers and Autoboxing, Reflection, Enumeration Classes, Design Hints for Inheritance.

- 6) Interfaces and Inner Classes (2 Hrs.)
- Interfaces, Object Cloning, Interfaces and Callbacks, Inner Classes, Proxies.
- 7) Introduction to GUI (2 Hrs.)
- AWT Architecture, Light-Weight vs Heavy-Weight, AWT Event Model, AWT Event Hierarchy & Event Handling, Using Top-Levels, components and containers, Introduction to Layouts, Focus Architecture.
- 8) Graphics Programming (4 Hrs.)
- Java2D Rendering Model, Strokes & Fills, Geometries, Fonts and Text Layout, Transformations, Display and manipulation of Images and offscreen buffers, Using Color, Printing through Java, Doing More with Images using Image IO, Hardware Acceleration and Active Rendering Techniques.
- 9) User Interface Components with Swing (4 Hrs.)
- The Model-View-Controller Design Pattern, Introduction to Layout Management, Text Input, Choice Components, Menus, Sophisticated Layout Management, Dialog Boxes.
- 10) Deploying Applets and Applications (2 Hrs.)
- Applet Basics, The Applet HTML Tags and Attributes, Multimedia, The Applet Context, JAR Files, Application Packaging, Java Web Start, Storage of Application Preferences.
- 11) Exceptions and Debugging (2 Hrs.)
 Dealing with Errors, Catching Exceptions, Tips for Using Exceptions,
 Logging, Using Assertions, Debugging

Techniques, Using a

Debugger.

12) Streams and Files (3 Hrs.)

	• The Complete Stream Zoo, ZIP File Streams, Use of Streams, Object Streams, File Management, New I/O, Regular	
	Expressions.	
	13) Database Programming (5 Hrs.)• The Design of JDBC, The Structured Query	
	Language, JDBC	
	Installation, Basic JDBC Programming Concepts, Query Execution,	
	Scrollable and Updatable Result Sets, Metadata, Row Sets,	
	Transactions, Advanced Connection	
	Management, Introduction to LDAP.	
Introduction to UML	1) Introduction, An outline Development Process and Use cases (2 Hrs.)	14
CIVIL	• What Is the UML?, How We Got Here,	
	Notations and Meta-Models,	
	Why Do Analysis and Design?, Overview of the Process, Inception,	
	Elaboration, Planning the Construction Phase,	
	Construction, Transition,	
	When to Use Iterative Development, Use Case	
	Diagrams, Business and System Use Cases, When to Use Cases.	
	2) Class Diagrams and Advance Concepts (4 Hrs.)	
	• Perspectives, Associations, Attributes,	
	Operations, Generalization, Constraint Rules,	
	When to Use Class Diagrams, Stereotypes,	
	Object Diagram, Class Scope Operations and Attributes, Multiple and Dynamic Classification,	
	Aggregation and Composition, Derived Associations and	
	Attributes, Interfaces and Abstract Classes,	
	Reference Objects and Value	
	Objects, Collections for Multivalued Association	
	Ends, Frozen, Classification and Generalization, Qualified Associations, Association Class,	
	Parameterized Class, Visibility.	
	3) Interaction Diagrams, Packages and	
	Collaborations (1 Hr.) • Sequence Diagrams, Collaboration Diagrams,	
	Comparing Sequence and	
	Collaboration Diagrams, When to Use	
	Interaction Diagrams, Packages,	
	Collaborations, When to Use Package Diagrams and Collaborations.	

	 4) State and Activity Diagrams (1 Hr.) Concurrent State Diagrams, When to Use State Diagrams, Decomposing an Activity, Dynamic Concurrency, Swimlanes, When to Use Activity Diagrams. 5) Physical Diagrams (1 Hr.) Deployment Diagrams, Component Diagrams, Combining Component and Deployment Diagrams, When to Use Physical Diagrams. 6) Case Studies (5 Hrs.) 	
Practicals/Tutorials		60

- 1. Timothy Budo, "An Introduction to Object-Oriented Programming with Java", Pearson Education, 2009.
- 2. Martin Fowler,"UML Distilled: A Brief Guide to the Standard Object Modeling Language", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009

Reference Books

- 1. H. Schildt, "The Complete Reference -Java2", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 2. P. J Dietel and H. M Dietel, "Java How to Program", 7th Edition, Pearson Education, 2008.
- 3. Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh, Ivar Jacobson, "Unified Modeling Language User Guide", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
- 4. Wu C Thomas, "Introduction to Object Oriented Programming with Java", 4th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2008.
- 5. Balaguruswamy E, "Programming with Java", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 6. Muthu C, "Essentials of Java Programming", 2008, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 7. Bhave M.P, Patekar S.A, "Programming with Java", Pearson Education, 2009.
- 8. Khurana Rohit, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", Vikas Publishing Hou

Name of Unit of : A10.2-R4SOFTWARE TESTING AND Qualification QUALITY MANAGEMENT

Performance Criteria (OUTCOME) No.	Contents	Hrs.
Introduction	Software program and its objective, Software development techniques, top-down verses Bottom-up approach, modular and structures programming. A brief introduction about object Oriented approach.	02
Importance of Software Testing	Software testing and its importance, software development life cycle verses software testing life cycle, Deliverables, version and error control	04
Testing Techniques and Strategy	Unit testing, Integration testing, System testing, Acceptance testing White-Box testing: Flow Graph notation, Cyclomatic Complexity, Graph matrices, control structure and loop testing. Black-Box testing: Equivalence partitioning, Boundary Value Analysis, Orthogonal Array testing.	10
Verification and Validation	Requirement verification, Coding standards, Walk through, Formal Inspection, Design validation and verification, Function test, Design metrics, correctness proof and its requirement.	06
Building Test Cases and Plans	Format of test cases, Du, dc and other data paths, Test data selection, branch coverage, statement coverage, pre-condition and post-condition, Test schedule and check pointing, suitable exercises for creating test cases for each type of techniques mentioned in para 3.	20
Quality Assurance and Standards	Basic software quality parameters and its metrics, Software Configuration Change and types of errors, Quality management models: ISO, SPICE, IEEE, CMM	10

Debugging Technique and Tools	Integrated development environment, debugging, tracing, data inspection, exception errors, code and data redundancy, unreachable code.	04
External Source of Errors	Main memory, conflicting dll and unknown interface as source of error and their rectification.	04
Practicals/Tutorials		60

- 1. Desikan S, Ramesh G, "Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Tamres L, "Introducing Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 3. Dustin E, "Effective Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2007.
- 4. Mathur A.P, "Fundamentals of Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2008

Reference Books.

- 1. Brian Marick, "The Craft of Software Testing", Pearson Education, 2008.
- 2. Rajani & Oak, "Software Testing: Methodology, Tools and Processes" Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 3. R. Pressman, "Software Engineering", 6th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.